

SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

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The Shire of Nungarin conducts the operations of a local government with the following community vision:

A great place to live with a well-connected, strong, healthy and friendly community

Principal place of business:
21 Railway Avenue
Nungarin WA 6490

**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

*Local Government Act 1995
Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996*

STATEMENT BY CEO

The accompanying financial report of the Shire of Nungarin has been prepared in compliance with the provisions of the *Local Government Act 1995* from proper accounts and records to present fairly the financial transactions for the reporting period ended 30 June 2024 and the financial position as at 30 June 2024.

At the date of signing this statement the particulars included in the financial report are not misleading or inaccurate.

Signed on the 9th day of December 2024

David Nayda

CEO

DAVID NAYDA
Name of CEO

Type te



**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

	NOTE	2024 Actual \$	2024 Budget \$	2023 Actual \$
Revenue				
Rates	2(a),24	618,125	675,638	618,833
Grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	1,602,752	122,359	2,145,217
Fees and charges	2(a)	139,363	117,956	133,424
Interest revenue	2(a)	122,929	30,439	65,790
Other revenue	2(a)	141,795	83,140	195,038
		2,624,964	1,029,532	3,158,302
Expenses				
Employee costs	2(b)	(1,066,601)	(1,276,858)	(870,642)
Materials and contracts		(705,465)	(1,023,645)	(718,889)
Utility charges		(174,051)	(184,145)	(153,832)
Depreciation		(1,202,697)	(1,134,070)	(1,129,297)
Finance costs		(41,304)	(52,488)	(19,605)
Insurance		(146,630)	(146,173)	(133,077)
Other expenditure	2(b)	(53,888)	(124,630)	(103,417)
		(3,390,636)	(3,942,009)	(3,128,759)
		(765,672)	(2,912,477)	29,543
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	1,103,329	1,516,708	1,151,543
Profit on asset disposals		-	-	76,552
Loss on asset disposals		(41,038)	-	(21,351)
Fair value adjustments to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4(b)	840	-	1,843
		1,063,131	1,516,708	1,208,587
Net result for the period		297,459	(1,395,769)	1,238,130
Other comprehensive income for the period				
<i>Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</i>				
Changes in asset revaluation surplus	15	(5,768,235)	-	-
Total other comprehensive income for the period	15	(5,768,235)	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period		(5,470,776)	(1,395,769)	1,238,130

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 30 JUNE 2024**

	NOTE	2024	2023
		\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	3,603,132	2,704,377
Trade and other receivables	5	127,518	174,744
Other financial assets	4(a)	-	1,233
Inventories	6	5,996	3,885
Other assets	7	4,998	100,045
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		3,741,644	2,984,284
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables	5	1,999	962
Other financial assets	4(b)	41,585	40,745
Property, plant and equipment	8	10,825,126	10,838,781
Infrastructure	9	39,226,864	44,841,179
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		50,095,574	55,721,667
TOTAL ASSETS		53,837,218	58,705,951
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	11	183,441	311,473
Other liabilities	12	152,062	180,042
Borrowings	13	205,421	47,009
Employee related provisions	14	89,641	50,531
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		630,565	589,055
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Borrowings	13	899,249	306,734
Employee related provisions	14	12,273	44,255
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		911,522	350,989
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,542,087	940,044
NET ASSETS		52,295,131	57,765,907
EQUITY			
Retained surplus		15,497,533	15,237,340
Reserve accounts	27	881,987	844,721
Revaluation surplus	15	35,915,611	41,683,846
TOTAL EQUITY		52,295,131	57,765,907

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

	NOTE	RETAINED SURPLUS \$	RESERVE ACCOUNTS \$	REVALUATION SURPLUS \$	TOTAL EQUITY \$
Balance as at 1 July 2022		14,138,231	705,700	41,683,846	56,527,777
Comprehensive income for the period					
Net result for the period		1,238,130	-	-	1,238,130
Total comprehensive income for the period		1,238,130	-	-	1,238,130
Transfers from reserve accounts	27	338,652	(338,652)	-	-
Transfers to reserve accounts	27	(477,673)	477,673	-	-
Balance as at 30 June 2023		15,237,340	844,721	41,683,846	57,765,907
Comprehensive income for the period					
Net result for the period		297,459	-	-	297,459
Other comprehensive income for the period	15	-	-	(5,768,235)	(5,768,235)
Total comprehensive income for the period		297,459	-	(5,768,235)	(5,470,776)
Transfers to reserve accounts	27	(37,266)	37,266	-	-
Balance as at 30 June 2024		15,497,533	881,987	35,915,611	52,295,131

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

NOTE	2024 Actual \$	2023 Actual \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts		
Rates	609,956	627,472
Grants, subsidies and contributions	1,613,667	2,119,596
Fees and charges	141,374	117,467
Interest revenue	122,929	65,790
Goods and services tax received	237,717	210,477
Other revenue	141,795	195,038
	2,867,438	3,335,840
Payments		
Employee costs	(1,061,959)	(876,933)
Materials and contracts	(837,319)	(723,353)
Utility charges	(174,051)	(153,832)
Finance costs	(38,298)	(20,108)
Insurance paid	(146,630)	(133,077)
Goods and services tax paid	(193,178)	(241,323)
Other expenditure	(53,793)	(103,342)
	(2,505,228)	(2,251,968)
Net cash provided by operating activities	362,210	1,083,872
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Payments for purchase of property, plant & equipment	8(a) (607,146)	(1,245,170)
Payments for construction of infrastructure	9(a) (864,354)	(912,642)
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions	1,168,385	951,416
Proceeds from financial assets at amortised cost - self supporting loans	1,233	2,382
Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment	87,500	233,682
Net cash (used in) investing activities	(214,382)	(970,332)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repayment of borrowings	26(a) (125,351)	(45,247)
Proceeds from new borrowings	26(a) 876,278	-
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	750,927	(45,247)
Net increase in cash held	898,755	68,293
Cash at beginning of year	2,704,377	2,636,084
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	3,603,132	2,704,377

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	NOTE	2024 Actual \$	2024 Budget \$	2023 Actual \$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Revenue from operating activities				
General rates	24	618,125	675,638	618,833
Grants, subsidies and contributions		1,602,752	122,359	2,145,217
Fees and charges		139,363	117,956	133,424
Interest revenue		122,929	30,439	65,790
Other revenue		141,795	83,140	195,038
Profit on asset disposals		-	-	76,552
Fair value adjustments to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4(b)	840	-	1,843
		2,625,804	1,029,532	3,236,697
Expenditure from operating activities				
Employee costs		(1,066,601)	(1,276,858)	(870,642)
Materials and contracts		(705,465)	(1,023,645)	(718,889)
Utility charges		(174,051)	(184,145)	(153,832)
Depreciation		(1,202,697)	(1,134,070)	(1,129,297)
Finance costs		(41,304)	(52,488)	(19,605)
Insurance		(146,630)	(146,173)	(133,077)
Other expenditure		(53,888)	(124,630)	(103,417)
Loss on asset disposals		(41,038)	-	(21,351)
		(3,431,674)	(3,942,009)	(3,150,110)
Non cash amounts excluded from operating activities	25(a)	1,214,570	1,134,070	1,088,596
Amount attributable to operating activities		408,700	(1,778,407)	1,175,183
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Inflows from investing activities				
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions		1,103,329	1,516,708	1,151,543
Proceeds from disposal of assets		87,500	37,500	233,682
Proceeds from financial assets at amortised cost - self supporting loans	26(a)	1,233	1,232	2,382
		1,192,062	1,555,440	1,387,607
Outflows from investing activities				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	8(a)	(607,146)	(1,599,675)	(1,245,170)
Purchase and construction of infrastructure	9(a)	(864,354)	(1,084,769)	(912,642)
		(1,471,500)	(2,684,444)	(2,157,812)
Amount attributable to investing activities		(279,438)	(1,129,004)	(770,205)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Inflows from financing activities				
Proceeds from borrowings	26(a)	876,278	876,278	-
Transfers from reserve accounts	27	-	398,608	338,652
		876,278	1,274,886	338,652
Outflows from financing activities				
Repayment of borrowings	26(a)	(125,351)	(207,735)	(45,247)
Transfers to reserve accounts	27	(37,266)	(9,740)	(477,673)
		(162,617)	(217,475)	(522,920)
Amount attributable to financing activities		713,661	1,057,411	(184,268)
MOVEMENT IN SURPLUS OR DEFICIT				
Surplus or deficit at the start of the financial year	25(b)	1,702,683	1,850,000	1,481,973
Amount attributable to operating activities		408,700	(1,778,407)	1,175,183
Amount attributable to investing activities		(279,438)	(1,129,004)	(770,205)
Amount attributable to financing activities		713,661	1,057,411	(184,268)
Surplus or deficit after imposition of general rates	25(b)	2,545,606	-	1,702,683

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024
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**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial report of the Shire of Nungarin which is a Class 4 local government comprises general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with the *Local Government Act 1995* and accompanying regulations.

Local Government Act 1995 requirements

Section 6.4(2) of the *Local Government Act 1995* read with the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996* prescribe that the financial report be prepared in accordance with the *Local Government Act 1995* and, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the *Local Government Act 1995*, the Australian Accounting Standards. The Australian Accounting Standards (as they apply to local governments and not-for-profit entities) and Interpretations of the Australian Accounting Standards Board were applied except for disclosure requirements of:

- AASB 7 Financial Instruments Disclosures
- AASB 16 Leases paragraph 58
- AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements paragraph 61
- AASB 107 Statement of Cash Flows paragraphs 43 and 45
- AASB 116 Property, Plant and Equipment paragraph 79
- AASB 137 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets paragraph 85
- AASB 140 Investment Property paragraph 75(f)
- AASB 1052 Disaggregated Disclosures paragraph 11
- AASB 1054 Australian Additional Disclosures paragraph 16

The *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996* specify that vested land is a right-of-use asset to be measured at cost, and is considered a zero cost concessionary lease. All right-of-use assets under zero cost concessionary leases are measured at zero cost rather than at fair value, except for vested improvements on concessionary land leases such as roads, buildings or other infrastructure which continue to be reported at fair value, as opposed to the vested land which is measured at zero cost. The measurement of vested improvements at fair value is a departure from AASB 16 *Leases* which would have required the Shire to measure any vested improvements at zero cost.

The *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996* provide that:

- land and buildings classified as property, plant and equipment; or
- infrastructure; or
- vested improvements that the local government controls; and measured at reportable value, are only required to be revalued every five years. Revaluing these non-financial assets every five years is a departure from AASB 116 *Property, Plant and Equipment*, which would have required the Shire to assess at each reporting date whether the carrying amount of the above mentioned non-financial assets materially differs from their fair value and, if so, revalue the class of non-financial assets.

Accounting policies which have been adopted in the preparation of this financial report have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise. Except for cash flow and rate setting information, the financial report has been prepared on the accrual basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and liabilities.

Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of a financial report in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that effect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances; the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

As with all estimates, the use of different assumptions could lead to material changes in the amounts reported in the financial report.

The following are estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year and further information on their nature and impact can be found in the relevant note:

- Fair value measurement of assets carried at reportable value including:
 - Property, plant and equipment - note 8
 - Infrastructure - note 9
- Measurement of employee benefits - note 14

Fair value hierarchy information can be found in note 23

The local government reporting entity

All funds through which the Shire controls resources to carry on its functions have been included in the financial statements forming part of this financial report.

All monies held in the Trust Fund are excluded from the financial statements. A separate statement of those monies appears at Note 28 of the financial report.

Initial application of accounting standards

During the current year, the following new or revised Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations were applied for the first time.

- AASB 2021-2 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Disclosure of Accounting Policies or Definition of Accounting Estimates*

This standard resulted in terminology changes relating to material accounting policies (formerly referred to as significant accounting policies).

New accounting standards for application in future years

The following new accounting standards will have application to local government in future years:

- AASB 2014-10 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture*
 - AASB 2020-1 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current*
 - AASB 2021-7c *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Effective Date of Amendments to AASB 10 and AASB 128 and Editorial Corrections [deferred AASB 10 and AASB 128 amendments in AASB 2014-10 apply]*
 - AASB 2022-5 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback*
 - AASB 2022-6 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Non-current Liabilities with Covenants*
- These amendments are not expected to have any material impact on the financial report on initial application.
- AASB 2022-10 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Fair Value Measurement of Non-Financial Assets of Not-for-Profit Public Sector Entities*

This amendment may result in changes to the fair value of non-financial assets. The impact is yet to be quantified.

- AASB 2023-1 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Supplier Finance Arrangements*

These amendments may result in additional disclosures in the case of applicable finance arrangements.

SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES

(a) Revenue

Contracts with customers

Recognition of revenue is dependant on the source of revenue and the associated terms and conditions associated with each source of revenue and recognised as follows:

Revenue Category	Nature of goods and services	When obligations typically satisfied	Payment terms	Returns/Refunds/Warranties	Timing of revenue recognition
Rates	General Rates	Over time	Payment dates adopted by Council during the year	None	When rates notice is issued
Grants, subsidies and contributions	Community events, minor facilities, research, design, planning evaluation and services	Over time	Fixed terms transfer of funds based on agreed milestones and reporting	Contract obligation if project not complete	Output method based on project milestones and/or completion date matched to performance obligations
Grants, subsidies or contributions for the construction of non-financial assets	Construction or acquisition of recognisable non-financial assets to be controlled by the local government	Over time	Fixed terms transfer of funds based on agreed milestones and reporting	Contract obligation if project not complete	Output method based on project milestones and/or completion date matched to performance obligations as inputs are shared
Fees and charges - licences, registrations, approvals	Building, planning, development and animal management.	Single point in time	Full payment prior to issue	None	On payment of the licence, registration or approval
Fees and charges - waste management entry fees	Waste treatment, recycling and disposal service at disposal sites	Single point in time	Payment in advance at gate or on normal trading terms if credit provided	None	On entry to facility
Commissions	Commissions on licencing and ticket sales	Over time	Payment in full on sale	None	When assets are controlled
Reimbursements	Insurance claims and reimbursable expenses	Single point in time	Payment in arrears for claimable event	None	When claim is agreed or when expense is incurred
Other revenue - private works	Contracted private works	Single point in time	Monthly in arrears	None	At point of service

Consideration from contracts with customers is included in the transaction price.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue recognised during the year under each basis of recognition by nature of goods or services is provided in the table below:

For the year ended 30 June 2024

Nature	Contracts with customers	Capital grant/contributions	Statutory Requirements	Other	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Rates	-	-	618,125	-	618,125
Grants, subsidies and contributions	132,683	-	-	1,470,069	1,602,752
Fees and charges	82,971	-	624	55,768	139,363
Interest revenue	-	-	8,737	114,192	122,929
Other revenue	37,000	-	-	104,795	141,795
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions	-	1,103,329	-	-	1,103,329
Total	252,654	1,103,329	627,486	1,744,824	3,728,293

SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

(a) Revenue (Continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2023

Nature	Contracts with customers	Capital grant/contributions	Statutory Requirements	Other	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Rates	-	-	611,695	7,138	618,833
Grants, subsidies and contributions	166,385	-	-	1,978,832	2,145,217
Fees and charges	68,251	-	2,975	62,198	133,424
Interest revenue	-	-	9,939	55,851	65,790
Other revenue	20,300	-	-	174,738	195,038
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions	-	1,151,543	-	-	1,151,543
Total	254,936	1,151,543	624,609	2,278,757	4,309,845

Note	2024 Actual	2023 Actual
	\$	\$
Interest revenue		
Financial assets at amortised cost - self supporting loans	19	122
Interest on reserve account	37,266	15,306
Rates instalment and penalty interest (refer Note 0)	8,737	9,939
Other interest revenue	76,907	40,423
	122,929	65,790
The 2024 original budget estimate in relation to: Trade and other receivables overdue interest was \$0.		
Fees and charges relating to rates receivable		
Charges on instalment plan	310	290
The 2024 original budget estimate in relation to: Charges on instalment plan was \$290.		
(b) Expenses		
Auditors remuneration		
- Audit of the Annual Financial Report	33,990	33,700
	33,990	33,700
Employee Costs		
Employee benefit costs	1,051,657	867,642
Other employee costs	14,944	3,000
	1,066,601	870,642
Other expenditure		
Impairment losses on rates and statutory receivables	-	(15,957)
Write down of inventories to net realisable value	6 95	75
Sundry expenses	53,793	119,299
	53,888	103,417

SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Note	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Cash at bank and on hand	3,603,132	2,704,377
Total cash and cash equivalents	3,603,132	2,704,377
Held as		
- Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	1,965,778	1,661,795
- Restricted cash and cash equivalents	16	1,042,582
	3,603,132	2,704,377

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at bank, deposits available on demand with banks and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Bank overdrafts are reported as short term borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

Restricted financial assets

Restricted financial asset balances are not available for general use by the local government due to externally imposed restrictions. Restrictions are specified in an agreement, contract or legislation. This applies to reserve accounts, unspent grants, subsidies and contributions and unspent loans that have not been fully expended in the manner specified by the contributor, legislation or loan agreement and for which no liability has been recognised.

4. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

(a) Current assets

Note	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Financial assets at amortised cost	-	1,233
	-	1,233
Other financial assets at amortised cost		
Self supporting loans receivable	25(b)	1,233
	-	1,233
Held as		
- Unrestricted other financial assets at amortised cost	-	1,233
	-	1,233

(b) Non-current assets

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	41,585	40,745
	41,585	40,745
Financial assets at amortised cost		
Self supporting loans receivable	-	(1)
	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Units in Local Government House Trust - opening balance	40,745	38,902
Movement attributable to fair value increment:		
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss Local Government House Trust	840	1,843
Units in Local Government House Trust - closing balance	41,585	40,745

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Other financial assets at amortised cost

The Shire classifies financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following criteria are met:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cashflows, and
- the contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

Fair values of financial assets at amortised cost are not materially different to their carrying amounts, since the interest receivable on those assets is either close to current market rates or the assets are of a short term nature. Non-current financial assets at amortised cost fair values are based on discounted cash flows using a current market rates. They are classified as level 2 fair values in the fair value hierarchy (see Note 23 (i)) due to the observable market rates).

Interest received is presented under cashflows from operating activities in the Statement of Cash Flows where it is earned from financial assets that are held for cash management purposes.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The Shire has elected to classify the following financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:

- debt investments which do not qualify for measurement at either amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- equity investments which the Shire has elected to recognise as fair value gains and losses through profit or loss.

SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

5. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Note	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Current		
Rates and statutory receivables	70,731	117,161
Trade receivables	54,933	65,848
GST receivable	38,390	82,929
Allowance for credit losses of rates and statutory receivables	(36,536)	(91,194)
	127,518	174,744
Non-current		
Rates and statutory receivables	1,999	962
	1,999	962

Disclosure of opening and closing balances related to contracts with customers

Information about receivables from contracts with customers along with financial assets and associated liabilities arising from transfers to enable the acquisition or construction of recognisable non financial assets is:

Note	30 June 2024 Actual	30 June 2023 Actual	1 July 2022 Actual	
	\$	\$	\$	
Contract assets	7	-	93,036	-
Total trade and other receivables from contracts with customers	-	-	93,036	-

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Rates and statutory receivables

Rates and statutory receivables are non-contractual receivables arising from statutory requirements and include amounts due from ratepayers for unpaid rates and service charges and other statutory charges or fines.

Rates and statutory receivables are recognised when the taxable event has occurred and can be measured reliably.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts receivable from contractual arrangements with customers for goods sold, services performed or grants or contributions with sufficiently specific performance obligations or for the construction of recognisable non financial assets as part of the ordinary course of business.

Other receivables

Other receivables are amounts receivable from contractual arrangements with third parties other than contracts with customers and amounts received as grants for the construction of recognisable non financial assets.

Measurement

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at the amount of the transaction price, unless they contain a significant financing component, and are to be recognised at fair value.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Receivables which are generally due for settlement within 30 days except rates receivables which are expected to be collected within 12 months are classified as current assets. All other receivables such as, deferred pensioner rates receivable after the end of the reporting period are classified as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are held with the objective to collect the contractual cashflows and therefore the Shire measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Due to the short term nature of current receivables, their carrying amount is considered to be the same as their fair value. Non-current receivables are indexed to inflation, any difference between the face value and fair value is considered immaterial.

SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

6. INVENTORIES

	Note	2024	2023
		\$	\$
Current			
Fuel and materials		2,422	216
Other inventories - History Books		3,574	3,669
		5,996	3,885
The following movements in inventories occurred during the year:			
Balance at beginning of year		3,885	8,077
Inventories expensed during the year		(76,139)	(73,098)
Write down of inventories to net realisable value	2(b)	(95)	(75)
Additions to inventory		78,345	68,981
Balance at end of year		5,996	3,885

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

7. OTHER ASSETS

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Other assets - current		
Accrued income	4,998	7,009
Contract assets	-	93,036
	4,998	100,045

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Other current assets

Other non-financial assets include prepayments which represent payments in advance of receipt of goods or services or that part of expenditure made in one accounting period covering a term extending beyond that period.

Contract assets

Contract assets primarily relate to the Shire's right to . consideration for work completed but not billed at the end of the period.

Impairment of assets associated with contracts with customers are detailed at Note 2(b).

**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(a) Movements in Balances

Movement in the balances of each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	<u>Total Property</u>				<u>Plant and equipment</u>		<u>Total property, plant and equipment</u>
	<u>Land</u>	<u>Buildings - non-specialised</u>	<u>Buildings - specialised</u>	<u>Total Property</u>	<u>Furniture and equipment</u>	<u>Plant and equipment</u>	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2022	960,000	1,839,500	6,431,959	9,231,459	35,908	945,366	10,212,733
Additions	-	110,627	519,158	629,785	-	615,385	1,245,170
Disposals	(20,000)	(56,363)	-	(76,363)	-	(102,118)	(178,481)
Depreciation	-	(78,394)	(204,771)	(283,165)	(7,285)	(150,191)	(440,641)
Balance at 30 June 2023	940,000	1,815,370	6,746,346	9,501,716	28,623	1,308,442	10,838,781
Comprises:							
Gross balance amount at 30 June 2023	940,000	1,891,627	6,951,372	9,782,999	75,251	1,712,581	11,570,831
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2023	-	(76,257)	(205,026)	(281,283)	(46,628)	(404,139)	(732,050)
Balance at 30 June 2023	940,000	1,815,370	6,746,346	9,501,716	28,623	1,308,442	10,838,781
Additions	-	245,749	13,197	258,946	-	348,200	607,146
Disposals	(26,000)	(35,454)	-	(61,454)	-	(67,084)	(128,538)
Depreciation	-	(86,107)	(215,148)	(301,255)	(6,001)	(185,007)	(492,263)
Transfers	-	112,214	(112,214)	-	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2024	914,000	2,051,772	6,432,181	9,397,953	22,622	1,404,551	10,825,126
Comprises:							
Gross balance amount at 30 June 2024	914,000	2,209,590	6,852,355	9,975,945	75,251	1,975,142	12,026,338
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2024	-	(157,818)	(420,174)	(577,992)	(52,629)	(570,591)	(1,201,212)
Balance at 30 June 2024	914,000	2,051,772	6,432,181	9,397,953	22,622	1,404,551	10,825,126

**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(b) Carrying Amount Measurements

Asset Class	Fair Value Hierarchy	Valuation Technique	Basis of Valuation	Date of Last Valuation	Inputs Used
(i) Fair Value - as determined at the last valuation date					
Land and buildings					
Land	2	Market approach using recent observable market data for similar properties	Independent registered valuers	June 2022	Price per hectare
Buildings - non-specialised	2	Market approach using recent observable market data for similar properties	Independent registered valuers	June 2022	Price per square metre
Buildings - specialised	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Independent registered valuers	June 2022	Construction costs (Level 2), current condition, residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs

Level 3 inputs are based on assumptions with regards to future values and patterns of consumption utilising current information. If the basis of these assumptions were varied, they have the potential to result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

During the period there were no changes in the valuation techniques used by the local government to determine the fair value of property, plant and equipment using either level 2 or level 3 inputs. The valuation techniques applied to property subject to lease was the same as that applied to property not subject to lease.

(ii) Cost

Furniture and equipment	Cost	Not applicable
Plant and equipment	Cost	Not applicable

SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

9. INFRASTRUCTURE

(a) Movements in Balances

Movement in the balances of each class of infrastructure between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Infrastructure - roads	Infrastructure - footpaths	Infrastructure - drainage	Infrastructure - parks and ovals	infrastructure dams	infrastructure refuse	infrastructure other	Total Infrastructure
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2022	41,878,141	139,717	124,500	931,700	355,000	8,700	1,179,435	44,617,193
Additions	801,419	-	-	23,151	-	-	88,072	912,642
Depreciation	(580,453)	(4,984)	(1,125)	(46,269)	(8,094)	(332)	(47,399)	(688,656)
Balance at 30 June 2023	42,099,107	134,733	123,375	908,582	346,906	8,368	1,220,108	44,841,179
Comprises:								
Gross balance at 30 June 2023	53,995,357	375,225	124,500	954,851	355,000	8,700	1,267,507	57,081,140
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2023	(11,896,250)	(240,492)	(1,125)	(46,269)	(8,094)	(332)	(47,399)	(12,239,961)
Balance at 30 June 2023	42,099,107	134,733	123,375	908,582	346,906	8,368	1,220,108	44,841,179
Additions	846,504	-	-	-	-	-	17,850	864,354
Revaluation increments / (decrements) transferred to revaluation surplus	(5,794,580)	26,345	-	-	-	-	-	(5,768,235)
Depreciation	(602,183)	(4,983)	(1,125)	(47,423)	(8,094)	(332)	(46,294)	(710,434)
Balance at 30 June 2024	36,548,848	156,095	122,250	861,159	338,812	8,036	1,191,664	39,226,864
Comprises:								
Gross balance at 30 June 2024	60,360,206	660,823	124,500	954,851	355,000	8,700	1,285,358	63,749,438
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2024	(23,811,358)	(504,728)	(2,250)	(93,692)	(16,188)	(664)	(93,694)	(24,522,574)
Balance at 30 June 2024	36,548,848	156,095	122,250	861,159	338,812	8,036	1,191,664	39,226,864

**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

9. INFRASTRUCTURE (Continued)

(b) Carrying Amount Measurements

Asset Class	Fair Value Hierarchy	Valuation Technique	Basis of Valuation	Date of Last Valuation	Inputs Used
(i) Fair Value - as determined at the last valuation date					
Infrastructure - roads	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Independent registered valuers	June 2024	Construction costs (Level 2), current condition, residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
Infrastructure - footpaths	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Independent registered valuers	June 2024	Construction costs (Level 2), current condition, residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
Infrastructure - drainage	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Independent registered valuers	June 2022	Construction costs (Level 2), current condition, residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
Infrastructure - parks and ovals	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Independent registered valuers	June 2022	Construction costs (Level 2), current condition, residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
infrastructure dams	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Independent registered valuers	June 2022	Construction costs (Level 2), current condition, residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
infrastructure refuse	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Independent registered valuers	June 2022	Construction costs (Level 2), current condition, residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
infrastructure other	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Independent registered valuers	June 2022	Construction costs (Level 2), current condition, residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs

Level 3 inputs are based on assumptions with regards to future values and patterns of consumption utilising current information. If the basis of these assumptions were varied, they have the potential to result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

During the period there were no changes in the valuation techniques used to determine the fair value of infrastructure using level 3 inputs.

**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
 NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

10. FIXED ASSETS

(a) Depreciation

Depreciation rates

Typical estimated useful lives for the different asset classes for the current and prior years are included in the table below:

Asset Class	Useful life
Buildings - non-specialised	30 to 50 years
Buildings - specialised	30 to 50 years
Furniture and equipment	4 to 10 years
Plant and equipment	5 to 15 years
Sealed roads and streets	
formation	not depreciated
pavement	35 to 85 years
seal	
- bituminous seals	35 to 85 years
- asphalt surfaces	35 to 85 years
Gravel roads	
formation	not depreciated
pavement	35 to 85 years
Infrastructure - footpaths	20 to 75 years
Infrastructure - drainage	5 to 75 years
Infrastructure - parks & ovals	5 to 75 years
Infrastructure - dams	5 to 75 years
Infrastructure - refuse	5 to 75 years
Infrastructure - other	5 to 75 years

**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

10. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Initial recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment or infrastructure that qualifies for recognition as an asset is measured at its cost.

Upon initial recognition, cost is determined as the amount paid (or other consideration given) to acquire the assets, plus costs incidental to the acquisition. The cost of non-current assets constructed by the Shire includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overheads. For assets acquired at zero cost or otherwise significantly less than fair value, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition.

Assets for which the fair value as at the date of acquisition is under \$5,000 are not recognised as an asset in accordance with *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A(5)*. These assets are expensed immediately.

Where multiple individual low value assets are purchased together as part of a larger asset or collectively forming a larger asset exceeding the threshold, the individual assets are recognised as one asset and capitalised.

Individual assets that are land, buildings and infrastructure acquired between scheduled revaluation dates of the asset class in accordance with the Shire's revaluation policy, are recognised at cost and disclosed as being at reportable value.

Measurement after recognition

Plant and equipment including furniture and equipment and right-of-use assets (other than vested improvements) are measured using the cost model as required under *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A(2)*. Assets held under the cost model are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses being their reportable value.

Reportable Value

In accordance with *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A(2)*, the carrying amount of non-financial assets that are *land and buildings classified as property, plant and equipment*, investment properties, infrastructure or vested improvements that the local government controls.

Reportable value is for the purpose of *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A(4)* is the fair value of the asset at its last valuation date minus (to the extent applicable) the accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses in respect of the non-financial asset subsequent to its last valuation date.

Revaluation

Land and buildings classified as property, plant and equipment, *infrastructure or vested improvements that the local government controls* and measured at reportable value, are only required to be revalued every five years in accordance with the regulatory framework. This includes buildings and infrastructure items which were pre-existing improvements (i.e. vested improvements) on land vested in the Shire.

Whilst the regulatory framework only requires a revaluation to occur every five years, it also provides for the Shire to revalue earlier if it chooses to do so.

For land, buildings and infrastructure, increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of asset classes are credited to a revaluation surplus in equity.

Decreases that offset previous increases of the same class of asset are recognised against revaluation surplus directly in equity. All other decreases are recognised in profit or loss.

Subsequent increases are then recognised in profit or loss to the extent they reverse a net revaluation decrease previously recognised in profit or loss for the same class of asset.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all property, plant and equipment and infrastructure, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the individual asset's useful life from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvements.

The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Depreciation on revaluation

When an item of property, plant and equipment and infrastructure is revalued, any accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is treated in one of the following ways:

- (i) The gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner that is consistent with the revaluation of the carrying amount of the asset.
- (ii) Eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Impairment

In accordance with *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 17A(4C)*, the Shire is not required to comply with *AASB 136 Impairment of Assets* to determine the recoverable amount of its non-financial assets that are land or buildings classified as property, plant and equipment, infrastructure or vested improvements that the local government controls in circumstances where there has been an impairment indication of a general decrease in asset values.

In other circumstances where it has been assessed that one or more of these non-financial assets are impaired, the asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains or losses on disposal

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

11. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Current		
Sundry creditors	69,123	53,153
Prepaid rates	2,021	925
Accrued payroll liabilities	18,526	16,002
ATO liabilities	20,628	25,638
Bonds and deposits held	19,207	17,819
Accrued interest on loans	6,721	3,715
Accrued expenses	46,921	194,221
ESL Liability	294	-
	183,441	311,473

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value when the Shire becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and any consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Shire prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Shire becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services. The amounts are unsecured, are recognised as a current liability and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition. The carrying amounts of trade and other payables are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

Prepaid rates

Prepaid rates are, until the taxable event has occurred (start of the next financial year), refundable at the request of the ratepayer. Rates received in advance are initially recognised as a financial liability. When the taxable event occurs, the financial liability is extinguished and the Shire recognises income for the prepaid rates that have not been refunded.

SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

12. OTHER LIABILITIES

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Current		
Capital grant/contributions liabilities	152,062	180,042
	152,062	180,042
Reconciliation of changes in capital grant/contribution liabilities		
Opening balance	180,042	380,169
Additions	152,062	180,042
Revenue from capital grant/contributions held as a liability at the start of the period	(180,042)	(380,169)
	152,062	180,042

Performance obligations in relation to capital grant/contribution liabilities are satisfied as project milestones are met or completion of construction or acquisition of the asset.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Capital grant/contribution liabilities

Capital grant/contribution liabilities represent the Shire's obligations to construct recognisable non-financial assets to identified specifications to be controlled by the Shire which are yet to be satisfied. Capital grant/contribution liabilities are recognised as income when the obligations in the contract are satisfied.

Fair values for non-current capital grant/contribution liabilities, not expected to be extinguished within 12 months, are based on discounted cash flows of expected cashflows to satisfy the obligations using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy (see Note 23(i)) due to the unobservable inputs, including own credit risk.

**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

13. BORROWINGS

	Note	2024			2023		
		Current	Non-current	Total	Current	Non-current	Total
Secured		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Debentures		205,421	899,249	1,104,670	47,009	306,734	353,743
Total secured borrowings	26(a)	205,421	899,249	1,104,670	47,009	306,734	353,743

Secured liabilities and assets pledged as security

The Shire of Nungarin has complied with the financial covenants of its borrowing facilities during the 2024 and 2023 years.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Borrowing costs

The Shire has elected to recognise borrowing costs as an expense when incurred regardless of how the borrowings are applied.

Fair values of borrowings are not materially different to their carrying amounts, since the interest payable on those borrowings is either close to current market rates or the borrowings are of a short term nature.

Borrowings fair values are based on discounted cash flows using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy (see Note 23(i)) due to the unobservable inputs, including own credit risk.

Risk

Details of individual borrowings required by regulations are provided at Note 26(a).

**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

14. EMPLOYEE RELATED PROVISIONS

Employee Related Provisions

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Current provisions		
Employee benefit provisions		
Annual leave	52,581	41,782
Long service leave	29,699	1,260
	82,280	43,042
Employee related other provisions		
Employment on-costs	7,361	7,489
	7,361	7,489
Total current employee related provisions	89,641	50,531
Non-current provisions		
Employee benefit provisions		
Long service leave	10,766	38,991
	10,766	38,991
Employee related other provisions		
Employment on-costs	1,507	5,264
	1,507	5,264
Total non-current employee related provisions	12,273	44,255
Total employee related provisions	101,914	94,786

Provision is made for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave and long service leave and associated on costs for services rendered up to the reporting date and recorded as an expense during the period the services are delivered.

Annual leave liabilities are classified as current, as there is no unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Employee benefits

The Shire's obligations for employees' annual leave, long service leave and other employee leave entitlements are recognised as employee related provisions in the Statement of Financial Position.

Short-term employee benefits

Provision is made for the Shire's obligations for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The Shire's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as a part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position.

Other long-term employee benefits

Long-term employee benefits provisions are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Any remeasurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

The Shire's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current provisions in its statement of financial position, except where the Shire does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

15. REVALUATION SURPLUS

	2024	Total	2024	2023	2023
	Opening	Movement on	Closing	Opening	Closing
	Balance	Revaluation	Balance	Balance	Balance
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revaluation surplus - Land - freehold land	737,189	-	737,189	737,189	737,189
Revaluation surplus - Buildings - non-specialised	2,204,976	-	2,204,976	2,204,976	2,204,976
Revaluation surplus - Buildings - specialised	2,051,287	-	2,051,287	2,051,287	2,051,287
Revaluation surplus - Infrastructure - roads	34,488,823	(5,794,580)	28,694,243	34,488,823	34,488,823
Revaluation surplus - Infrastructure - footpaths	42,951	26,345	69,296	42,951	42,951
Revaluation surplus - Infrastructure - parks and ovals	715,328	-	715,328	715,328	715,328
Revaluation surplus - infrastructure dams	439,704	-	439,704	439,704	439,704
Revaluation surplus - infrastructure other	1,003,588	-	1,003,588	1,003,588	1,003,588
	41,683,846	(5,768,235)	35,915,611	41,683,846	41,683,846

**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

16. RESTRICTIONS OVER FINANCIAL ASSETS

	Note	2024 Actual \$	2023 Actual \$
The following classes of financial assets have restrictions imposed by regulations or other externally imposed requirements which limit or direct the purpose for which the resources may be used:			
- Cash and cash equivalents	3	1,637,354	1,042,582
		1,637,354	1,042,582
The restricted financial assets are a result of the following specific purposes to which the assets may be used:			
Restricted reserve accounts	27	881,987	844,721
Capital grant liabilities	12	152,062	180,042
Bonds and deposits	11	19,207	17,819
Unspent loans	26(c)	584,098	-
Total restricted financial assets		1,637,354	1,042,582
17. UNDRAWN BORROWING FACILITIES AND CREDIT STANDBY ARRANGEMENTS			
Credit card limit		7,500	7,500
Credit card balance at balance date		-	-
Total amount of credit unused		7,500	7,500
Loan facilities			
Loan facilities - current		205,421	47,009
Loan facilities - non-current		899,249	306,734
Total facilities in use at balance date		1,104,670	353,743
Unused loan facilities at balance date		NIL	NIL

**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

18. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Shire had no reportable contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2023, and is not aware of any reportable contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2024.

19. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Contracted for:		
- capital expenditure projects	-	227,596
- plant & equipment purchases	627,844	-
	<hr/> 627,844	<hr/> 227,596
Payable:		
- not later than one year	627,844	227,596

In 2023, the Shire had uncompleted contracted works for extensions to the Nungarin Community Resource Centre of \$197,518 and construction of the Nungarin Caravan Park ablutions of \$30,078.

In 2024, the Shire had committed expenditure for plant and equipment totalling \$627,844 for the supply of a Truck and tipping body, side tipping trailer, 4 wheel dolly and a heavy duty tag-a-long trailer.

SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

20. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Elected Member Remuneration

Fees, expenses and allowances to be paid or reimbursed to elected council members.

Note	2024 Actual	2024 Budget	2023 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
President's annual allowance	6,000	6,000	5,454
President's meeting attendance fees	3,800	5,000	3,940
President's annual allowance for ICT expenses	600	600	600
President's travel and accommodation expenses	1,088	1,520	1,005
	11,488	13,120	10,999
Deputy President's annual allowance	1,500	1,500	1,417
Deputy President's meeting attendance fees	2,700	2,500	2,900
Deputy President's annual allowance for ICT expenses	600	600	600
Deputy President's travel and accommodation expenses	433	220	381
	5,233	4,820	5,298
All other council member's meeting attendance fees	13,630	12,500	13,550
All other council member's annual allowance for ICT expenses	3,000	3,000	3,000
All other council member's travel and accommodation expenses	3,351	3,660	3,886
	19,981	19,160	20,436
	36,702	37,100	36,733

(b) Key Management Personnel (KMP) Compensation

The total of compensation paid to KMP of the Shire during the year are as follows:

Short-term employee benefits	132,934	173,955
Post-employment benefits	7,854	20,521
Employee - other long-term benefits	1,811	3,216
Employee - termination benefits	10,385	-
Council member costs	36,702	36,733
	189,686	234,425

Short-term employee benefits

These amounts include all salary and fringe benefits awarded to KMP except for details in respect to fees and benefits paid to council members which may be separately found in the table above.

Post-employment benefits

These amounts are the current-year's cost of the Shire's superannuation contributions made during the year.

Other long-term benefits

These amounts represent annual leave and long service leave entitlements accruing during the year.

Termination benefits

These amounts represent termination benefits paid to KMP (Note: may or may not be applicable in any given year).

Council member costs

These amounts represent payments of member fees, expenses, allowances and reimbursements during the year.

**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

20. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties and the Shire are on normal commercial terms and conditions, no more favourable than those available to other parties, unless otherwise stated.

No outstanding balances or provisions for doubtful debts or guarantees exist in relation to related parties at year end.

In addition to KMP compensation above the following transactions occurred with related parties:

	2024 Actual	2023 Actual
	\$	\$
Sale of goods and services	817	9,480
Purchase of goods and services	-	7,059

Related Parties

The Shire's main related parties are as follows:

i. Key management personnel

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Shire, directly or indirectly, including any council member, are considered key management personnel and are detailed in Notes 20(a) and 20(b).

ii. Other Related Parties

Outside of normal citizen type transactions with the Shire, there were no other related party transactions involving key management personnel and/or their close family members and/or their controlled (or jointly controlled) entities.

iii. Entities subject to significant influence by the Shire

There were no such entities requiring disclosure during the current or previous year.

**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

21. JOINT ARRANGEMENTS

Share of joint operations

Medical services

The Shire of Nungarin is in a joint arrangement with the Shires of Mount Marshall, Mukinbuding and Trayning to provide medical services. The Shire of Nungarin has a 10% interest in this service which provides a doctor in Kununoppin.

In June 2022 the joint arrangement purchased a motor vehicle valued at \$59,710 . The vehicle is registered to the Shire of Trayning.

	2024 Actual	2023 Actual
	\$	\$
Statement of Comprehensive Income		
Other expense	(18,479)	(11,579)
Profit/(loss) for the period	(18,479)	(11,579)
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	(18,479)	(11,579)
Statement of Cash Flows		
Other expense	(18,479)	(11,579)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(18,479)	(11,579)

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Joint operations

A joint operation is a joint arrangement where the Shire has joint control with two or more parties to the joint arrangement. All parties to joint arrangement have rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities relating to the arrangement.

Assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses relating to the Shire's interest in the joint operation are accounted for in accordance with the relevant Australian Accounting Standard.

**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

22. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

The Shire did not have any events occurring after the reporting date that have a significant effect on the financial statements.

**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

23. OTHER MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows.

b) Current and non-current classification

The asset or liability is classified as current if it is expected to be settled within the next 12 months, being the Shire's operational cycle. In the case of liabilities where the Shire does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement beyond 12 months, such as vested long service leave, the liability is classified as current even if not expected to be settled within the next 12 months. Inventories held for trading are classified as current or non-current based on the Shire's intentions to release for sale.

c) Rounding off figures

All figures shown in this annual financial report, other than a rate in the dollar, are rounded to the nearest dollar. Amounts are presented in Australian Dollars.

d) Comparative figures

Where required, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

When the Shire applies an accounting policy retrospectively, makes a retrospective restatement or reclassifies items in its financial statements that has a material effect on the statement of financial position, an additional (third) Statement of Financial Position as at the beginning of the preceding period in addition to the minimum comparative financial report is presented.

e) Budget comparative figures

Unless otherwise stated, the budget comparative figures shown in this annual financial report relate to the original budget estimate for the relevant item of disclosure.

f) Superannuation

The Shire contributes to a number of Superannuation Funds on behalf of employees. All funds to which the Shire contributes are defined contribution plans.

g) Fair value of assets and liabilities

Fair value is the price that the Shire would receive to sell the asset or would have to pay to transfer a liability, in an orderly (i.e. enforced) transaction between independent, knowledgeable and willing market participants at the measurement date.

As fair value is a market-based measure, the closest equivalent observable market pricing information is used to determine fair value. Adjustments to market values may be made having regard to the characteristics of the specific asset or liability. The fair values of assets that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data.

To the extent possible, market information is extracted from either the principal market for the asset or liability (i.e. the market with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset or liability) or, in the absence of such a market, the most advantageous market available to the entity at the end of the reporting period (i.e. the market that maximises the receipts from the sale of the asset after taking into account transaction costs and transport costs).

For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement also takes into account a market participant's ability to use the asset in its highest and best use or to sell it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

h) Interest revenue

Interest revenue is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset measured at amortised cost except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

i) Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 *Fair Value Measurement* requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categorises fair value measurement into one of three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

Valuation techniques

The Shire selects a valuation technique that is appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. The availability of sufficient and relevant data primarily depends on the specific characteristics of the asset or liability being measured. The valuation techniques selected by the Shire are consistent with one or more of the following valuation approaches:

Market approach

Valuation techniques that use prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities.

Income approach

Valuation techniques that convert estimated future cash flows or income and expenses into a single discounted present value.

Cost approach

Valuation techniques that reflect the current replacement cost of the service capacity of an asset.

Each valuation technique requires inputs that reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risks. When selecting a valuation technique, the Shire gives priority to those techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. Inputs that are developed using market data (such as publicly available information on actual transactions) and reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would generally use when pricing the asset or liability are considered observable, whereas inputs for which market data is not available and therefore are developed using the best information available about such assumptions are considered unobservable.

j) Impairment of assets

In accordance with Australian Accounting Standards the Shire's assets, other than inventories, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication they may be impaired.

Where such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount except for non-financial assets that are:

- land and buildings classified as property, plant and equipment;
- infrastructure; or
- vested improvements that the local government controls, in circumstances where there has been an impairment indication of a general decrease in asset values.

These non-financial assets are assessed in accordance with the regulatory framework detailed in Note 10.

Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard (e.g. AASB 116 *Property, Plant and Equipment*) whereby any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other Standard.

SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
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24. RATING INFORMATION

(a) General Rates

RATE TYPE	Basis of valuation	Rate in \$	Number of Properties	2023/24 Actual Rateable Value*	2023/24 Actual Rate Revenue	2023/24 Actual Interim Rates	2023/24 Actual Total Revenue	2023/24 Budget Rate Revenue	2023/24 Budget Interim Rate	2023/24 Budget Total Revenue	2022/23 Actual Total Revenue
Rate Description		\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
(i) General rates											
GRV Townsites	Gross rental valuation	0.141050	70	313,924	44,279	3,484	47,763	44,279	-	44,279	40,999
UV Rural	Unimproved valuation	0.015039	124	39,605,008	595,620	209	595,829	595,619	-	595,619	551,467
UV Mining	Unimproved valuation	0.015039	19	80,999	1,218	624	1,842	1,218	-	1,218	1,258
Total general rates			213	39,999,931	641,117	4,317	645,434	641,116	-	641,116	593,724
(ii) Minimum payment											
GRV Townsites	Gross rental valuation	489	23	15,370	11,247	-	11,247	11,247	-	11,247	10,872
UV Rural	Unimproved valuation	489	16	248,592	7,824	-	7,824	7,824	-	7,824	7,539
UV Mining	Unimproved valuation	489	17	61,008	8,313	-	8,313	8,313	-	8,313	6,948
Total minimum payments			56	324,970	27,384	-	27,384	27,384	-	27,384	25,359
Total general rates and minimum payments			269	40,324,901	668,501	4,317	672,818	668,500	-	668,500	619,083
(iii) Ex-gratia Rates											
Ex-gratia Rates CBH			1	-	7,709	-	7,709	7,138	-	7,138	7,138
Total amount raised from rates (excluding general rates)			1	-	7,709	-	7,709	7,138	-	7,138	7,138
Less Rate write-offs							(62,402)			-	(7,388)
Total Rates							618,125			675,638	618,833
Rate instalment interest							920			450	508
Rate overdue interest							7,168			2,700	9,431

The rate revenue was recognised from the rate record as soon as practicable after the Shire resolved to impose rates in the financial year as well as when the rate record was amended to ensure the information in the record was current and correct.

*Rateable Value at time of raising of rate.

SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
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25. DETERMINATION OF SURPLUS OR DEFICIT

	2023/24 (30 June 2024 Carried Forward)	2023/24 Budget (30 June 2024 Carried Forward)	2022/23 (30 June 2023 Carried Forward)
Note	\$	\$	\$
(a) Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities			
The following non-cash revenue or expenditure has been excluded from amounts attributable to operating activities within the Statement of Financial Activity in accordance with <i>Financial Management Regulation 32</i> .			
Adjustments to operating activities			
	-	-	(76,552)
	4,694	-	2,215
4(b)	(840)	-	(1,843)
	41,038	-	21,351
	1,202,697	1,134,070	1,129,297
Non-cash movements in non-current assets and liabilities:			
Pensioner deferred rates	(1,037)	-	2,550
Employee benefit provisions	(31,982)	-	11,578
Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities	1,214,570	1,134,070	1,088,596
(b) Surplus or deficit after imposition of general rates			
The following current assets and liabilities have been excluded from the net current assets used in the Statement of Financial Activity in accordance with <i>Financial Management Regulation 32</i> to agree to the surplus/(deficit) after imposition of general rates.			
Adjustments to net current assets			
27	(881,987)	(455,853)	(844,721)
4(a)	-	-	(1,233)
13	205,421	49,622	47,009
	111,093	106,399	106,399
Total adjustments to net current assets	(565,473)	(299,832)	(692,546)
Net current assets used in the Statement of Financial Activity			
	3,741,644	572,203	2,984,284
	(630,565)	(272,371)	(589,055)
	(565,473)	(299,832)	(692,546)
Surplus or deficit after imposition of general rates	2,545,606	-	1,702,683

SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

26. BORROWING AND LEASE LIABILITIES

(a) Borrowings

Purpose	Note	Actual							Budget			
		Principal at 1 July 2022	New Loans During 2022-23	Principal Repayments During 2022-23	Principal at 30 June 2023	New Loans During 2023-24	Principal Repayments During 2023-24	Principal at 30 June 2024	Principal at 1 July 2023	New Loans During 2023-24	Principal Repayments During 2023-24	Principal at 30 June 2024
Lot 191 Staff House		\$ 26,428	\$ -	\$ (10,075)	\$ 16,353	\$ -	\$ (10,729)	\$ 5,624	\$ 16,353	\$ -	\$ (10,729)	\$ 5,624
Community Recreation Centre		142,885	-	(19,713)	123,172	-	(21,196)	101,976	123,172	-	(21,196)	101,976
Shire Depot		226,063	-	(13,077)	212,986	-	(13,581)	199,405	212,986	-	(13,581)	199,405
Plant Purchases		-	-	-	-	876,278	(78,612)	797,666	-	876,278	(160,997)	715,281
Total		395,376	-	(42,865)	352,511	876,278	(124,118)	1,104,671	352,511	876,278	(206,503)	1,022,286
Self Supporting Loans												
Nungarin Museum		3,614	-	(2,382)	1,232	-	(1,233)	(1)	1,232	-	(1,232)	-
Total Self Supporting Loans		3,614	-	(2,382)	1,232	-	(1,233)	(1)	1,232	-	(1,232)	-
Total Borrowings	13	398,990	-	(45,247)	353,743	876,278	(125,351)	1,104,670	353,743	876,278	(207,735)	1,022,286

Self supporting loans are financed by payments from third parties. These are shown in Note 4 as other financial assets at amortised cost. All other loan repayments were financed by general purpose revenue.

Borrowing Finance Cost Payments

Purpose	Loan Number	Institution	Interest Rate	Date final payment is due	Actual for year ending 30 June 2024	Budget for year ending 30 June 2024	Actual for year ending 30 June 2023
Lot 191 Staff House	63	WATC*	6.39%	2/08/2024	\$ (594)	\$ (877)	\$ (1,265)
Community Recreation Centre	65	WATC*	7.32%	23/06/2028	(8,410)	(8,443)	(9,895)
Shire Depot	68	WATC*	3.82%	14/08/2035	(7,816)	(8,008)	(8,323)
Plant Purchases	70	WATC*	4.78%	28/11/2028	(24,465)	(35,131)	-
Total					(41,285)	(52,459)	(19,483)
Self Supporting Loans Finance Cost Payments							
Nungarin Museum	67	WATC*	4.64%	1/11/2023	(19)	(29)	(122)
Total Self Supporting Loans Finance Cost Payments					(19)	(29)	(122)
Total Finance Cost Payments					(41,304)	(52,488)	(19,605)

* WA Treasury Corporation

**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
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26. BORROWING AND LEASE LIABILITIES (Continued)

(b) New Borrowings - 2023/24

Particulars/Purpose	Institution	Loan Type	Term Years	Interest Rate	Amount Borrowed		Amount (Used)		Total Interest & Charges	Actual Balance Unspent
					2024 Actual	2024 Budget	2024 Actual	2024 Budget		
				%	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Plant Purchases	WATC	Debenture	5	4.78%	876,278	876,278	(292,180)	(876,278)	119,261	584,098
					876,278	876,278	(292,180)	(876,278)	119,261	584,098

* WA Treasury Corporation

(c) Unspent Borrowings

Particulars	Institution	Date Borrowed	Unspent Balance 1 July 2023	Borrowed During Year	Expended During Year	Unspent Balance 30 June 2024
			\$	\$	\$	\$
Plant Purchases	WATC	28/11/2023	-	876,278	(292,180)	584,098
			-	876,278	(292,180)	584,098

* WA Treasury Corporation

**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

27. RESERVE ACCOUNTS

	2024 Actual Opening Balance	2024 Actual Transfer to	2024 Actual Transfer (from)	2024 Actual Closing Balance	2024 Budget Opening Balance	2024 Budget Transfer to	2024 Budget Transfer (from)	2024 Budget Closing Balance	2023 Actual Opening Balance	2023 Actual Transfer to	2023 Actual Transfer (from)	2023 Actual Closing Balance
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Restricted by council												
(a) Leave reserve	106,399	4,694	-	111,093	106,399	1,450	-	107,849	104,184	2,215	-	106,399
(b) Plant reserve	303,458	13,387	-	316,845	303,458	5,515	(196,128)	112,845	286,179	242,279	(225,000)	303,458
(c) Office building reserve	43,908	1,937	-	45,845	43,908	580	-	44,488	42,993	915	-	43,908
(d) Swimming pool reserve	56,402	2,488	-	58,890	56,402	685	-	57,087	50,320	6,082	-	56,402
(e) Land development reserve	2,135	94	-	2,229	2,135	30	-	2,165	2,090	45	-	2,135
(f) Building reserve	283,211	12,494	-	295,705	283,211	1,315	(202,480)	82,046	96,513	186,698	-	283,211
(g) Community bus reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	111,554	2,098	(113,652)	-
(h) Computer equipment/software reserve	44,102	1,946	-	46,048	44,102	95	-	44,197	6,867	37,235	-	44,102
(i) Refuse site rehabilitation reserve	5,106	226	-	5,332	5,106	70	-	5,176	5,000	106	-	5,106
	844,721	37,266	-	881,987	844,721	9,740	(398,608)	455,853	705,700	477,673	(338,652)	844,721

All reserves are supported by cash and cash equivalents and financial assets at amortised cost and are restricted within equity as Reserve accounts.

In accordance with council resolutions or adopted budget in relation to each reserve account, the purpose for which the reserves are set aside and their anticipated date of use are as follows:

Name of reserve account	Purpose of the reserve account
Restricted by council	
(a) Leave reserve	to be used to fund annual and long service leave requirements.
(b) Plant reserve	to be used for the purchase of major plant.
(c) Office building reserve	to be used for the construction of a new administration centre.
(d) Swimming pool reserve	to be used for the refurbishment of the swimming pool.
(e) Land development reserve	to be used to fund the development of a light industrial area.
(f) Building reserve	to be used for the future building needs of the Shire.
(g) Community bus reserve	to be used to restrict the excess monies from the Community Bus hire for maintenance.
(h) Computer equipment/software reserve	to be used for major upgrades of Council's computer system.
(i) Refuse site rehabilitation reserve	to be used for rehabilitation costs associated with the refuse site in the Shire.

**SHIRE OF NUNGARIN
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28. TRUST FUNDS

Funds held at balance date which are required to be held in trust and which are not included in the financial statements are as follows:

	1 July 2023	Amounts Received	Amounts Paid	30 June 2024
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Nomination & Other Deposits	226	9	-	235
	226	9	-	235